



Parish of Blackburn, The Saviour



Contents

Safeguarding children is the responsibility of us all	3
The Responsibilities of the Parish	4
Good Practice Guidelines for Safeguarding Children and Young People	5
Creating a safer church	7
Recognising signs of abuse	9
Allegations made against members of staff or volunteers	12
Safe Recruitment	13
Implementation Checklist	14

Recent changes:

- 23/9/21 P7 "All our workers and volunteers have undertaken child protection training in the last two years." Changed to "All our workers and volunteers have undertaken child protection training in the last **three** years."
- 25/8/22 P11 contact telephone numbers checked and updated

This policy is reviewed annually by Church of The Saviour PCC, the latest review having taken place on 9th September 2021

Safeguarding children is the responsibility of us all

Church of The Saviour recognises its responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of children within the legal framework of the Children Act 1989. Anyone under the age of 18 is considered to be a child/young person.

It is sometimes difficult to acknowledge that abuse can happen within a church, however any group or organisation working with children needs to be alert to the possibility of abuse occurring. It is the responsibility of us all to put the welfare of children and young people first and to recognize and respond to behaviours that can put children at risk.

We are aware that many children and young people are the victims of different kinds of abuse and that they can be subjected to social factors that have an adverse impact upon their lives, such as domestic abuse or substance misuse.

We aim to create a safe and respectful environment within which children and young people can thrive and churches can operate with the help and security of clear guidance.

These guidelines are for the use of all clergy, volunteers, paid staff and visitors. The guidelines can be shared with the parents and carers of the children and young people to whom we offer a service.

We are committed to:

- ✓ The care, nurture of, and respectful pastoral ministry with, all children and young people.
- ✓ The safeguarding and protection of all children, young people and adults where they are vulnerable.
- ✓ The establishment of safe, caring communities that provide a loving environment where there is a culture of 'informed vigilance' as to the dangers of abuse.

(Protecting All God's Children 2010)

The Responsibilities of the Parish

- We will adopt and implement a Safeguarding Children Policy, accepting as a minimum the House of Bishop's policy on Safeguarding Children. This will be supported by the additional diocesan procedures and recommended good practice, while being responsive to local parish requirements.
- We will appoint at least one coordinator to work with the incumbent and the PCC, whose role will be to implement safeguarding policies and procedures. The coordinator will ensure that any concerns about a child/young person or the behavior of an adult are referred to the diocesan safeguarding adviser. The coordinator will either be an appointed member of the PCC or have the right to attend meetings, and will report at least annually on the implementation of the safeguarding policy in the parish. This position will not be held by the incumbent or their spouse.
- We will consider appointing someone, different from the coordinator, to be a children's/young person's advocate.
- We will display in our church premises where children's/young people's activities take place, the contact details of the coordinator or advocate, along with the telephone numbers for Childline and Family Lives (previously known as Parentline Plus).
- We will ensure that all those authorized to work with children and young people are suitably recruited in accordance with safer recruitment practice, and are appropriately trained and supported in their role.
- We will ensure that there is appropriate insurance cover for all activities involving children and young people undertaken in the name of the parish.
- We will review the implementation of the Safeguarding Children and Young People policy, procedures and good practice, at least annually.

Good Practice Guidelines for Safeguarding Children and Young People

On site
Everyone is responsible for children while on these premises and must make sure that health and safety guidelines are adhered to. Buildings used for children's activities should be checked for Health and Safety at least annually and the results noted and reported in writing to the PCC.
Everyone working with children should be encouraged to attend basic child protection training.
Wherever possible, steps should be taken that a worker is not left alone with a child.
Under no circumstances should visitors be allowed to wander around the premises unaccompanied when children and young people are present.
 Appropriate adult:child ratios should be observed at all times. Each group should have a minimum of 2 adults and it is recommended that a gender balance be maintained at all times. The following ratios of adults to children should be adhered to for all church groups. 0 to 2 years - 1 adult to 3 children. 2 to 3 years - 1 adult to 4 children. 4 to 8 years - 1 adult to 6 children. 9 to 12 years - 1 adult to 8 children. 13 to 18 years - 1 adult to 10 children.
People working with children should be alert to strangers frequently waiting outside a venue with no apparent purpose.
Children should not be collected by people other than their parents unless notification has been received.
If a child is not collected after a session it is reasonable to wait approximately half an hour for a parent or carer to arrive. If the parent or carer cannot be contacted, Social Services or the police should be contacted and asked to assist.
Careful consideration will need to be given to ensure the safety of children as they leave the premises.
Visits and trips
Appropriate Health and Safety guidelines must be adhered to for all visits and trips.
All activities must be risk assessed and properly insured.

All vehicles hired for outings must be insured, roadworthy and fitted with seatbelts.

All drivers should travel with at least one escort. Drivers and escorts should have up to date DBS checks and have been subject to appropriate recruitment procedures. All drivers and escorts should agree to abide by these guidelines.

A roll call will be taken at the start of the journey and again before commencing the return journey. If travelling in more than one vehicle, children will be encouraged to travel in the same vehicle there and back.

The leaders of trips will carry the contact numbers for the home organisation and emergency services in the event of an alert being necessary.

If a child goes missing on a trip, staff should instigate an immediate search. If the child cannot be found within half an hour, the appropriate security staff and police should be notified. If, having notified the security staff and police, the child cannot be found, the parents/carers will be notified immediately.

If a child is missing, the care of the remaining children is paramount. It is imperative that they return to the home site as quickly as possible, while a senior leader remains at the visit to coordinate contact between security staff and the child's parents/carers.

Use of premises by other organisations

In the event that a room or rooms on the premises are used by other organisations, the letting agreement should ensure that the hiring organisation works to approved child protection procedures and/or that they read and agree to abide by these guidelines.

Creating a safer church



Protecting children and young people checklist for Parishes

Church of The Saviour

ITEM	ACTION
We have a Parish Safeguarding Policy that is annually reviewed.	Completed
We have a Parish Safeguarding Officer.	Completed
Information about our Parish Safeguarding Officer and additional independent person including contact numbers, and the Childline number is displayed in our church buildings.	Completed
At the last Annual Parochial Church Meeting there was a Safeguarding Report.	Completed
All activities for children and young people are authorised by the PCC.	Completed
All our leaders and volunteers have completed the appropriate application forms, declarations and disclosures. Appropriate references have been obtained.	Completed
All confidential documents are stored appropriately.	Completed
All new workers and volunteers have been through an induction process and are aware of how to adhere to all parish policies	Completed
All our workers and volunteers have undertaken child protection training in the last three years.	Completed
All leaders and volunteers are aware of their responsibilities to keep children and young people safe.	Completed
We have an up to date record of all those who have completed DBS checks for parish work.	Completed
All activities involving children and young people have the correct ratio of leaders to children.	Completed

Children and young people with special needs are welcome and we are appropriately prepared to meet their needs.	Completed
We welcome children and young people from different ethnic and social backgrounds.	Completed
There is an acceptable First Aid Kit available at each activity.	Completed
There is a qualified First Aider at, or easily accessible for each activity.	Completed
We know and meet the training needs of our leaders and volunteers.	Completed
All our work with children and young people is appropriately insured.	Completed
We have an up to date Risk Assessment for all our buildings and activities.	Completed
We have an accident book.	Completed
We have adequate Fire Equipment and Evacuation Procedures are in place.	Completed

Recognising signs of abuse

It can often be difficult to recognise abuse. The signs listed in these guidelines are only indicators and many can have reasonable explanations. Children may behave strangely or seem unhappy for many reasons as they move through the stages of childhood, or their families experience changes. It is nevertheless important to be familiar with things that can indicate that abuse is taking place and know when there is a need to seek further consultation.

Someone can abuse a child by actively inflicting harm or by failing to act to prevent harm. Abuse can take place within a family, in an institutional or community setting, by telephone or on the Internet. Abuse can be carried out by someone known to a child or by a complete stranger.

If you are worried about a child it is important that you keep a written record of any physical or behavioural signs and symptoms that suggest they may be a victim of abuse. In doing this you can monitor whether or not a pattern emerges and provide evidence to assist any investigation if required.

Examples and definitions of the different type of abuse are enclosed in Appendix 1.

What to do with your concerns

In the event that a child makes an allegation or disclosure of abuse by an adult or another child or young person, it is important that you:

Listen to them and/or closely observe their presentation and behavior.

Let them know that you take what they are saying seriously.

Do not attempt to question or interview them yourself.

Let them know that you will need to tell someone else in order to help them. Do not promise to keep what they tell you secret.

Inform your designated child protection officer and/or the Diocesan Safeguarding Adviser as soon as possible.

Make a written record of the incident or events. (See Appendix 2)

Sometimes you may just feel concerned about a child but do not know whether to share your concerns or not. In this situation you should always raise your concerns with your designated Child Protection Officer or the Diocesan Safeguarding Officer, who will advise on what to do next.

Who to contact

The responsibility for investigating allegations of abuse, whether they result from a disclosure from a child or the concerns of an adult, lies with social workers and the police. It is normally the responsibility of your designated child protection officer to make a referral to these agencies, but if you judge the situation to be an emergency and/or you require advice in the absence of the designated officer, you must report your concerns directly, using the contacts listed at the back of these guidelines.

Social Services will advise you when or whether to inform the child's parents or carers about any concerns. If they decide to pursue a child protection investigation, you should:

Work closely and collaboratively with all professionals involved in the investigation, in order to keep the child safe.

Attend a child protection conference if you are invited. You will be asked to provide information about your involvement with the child, which is why it is important to keep records of your concerns.

Attend any subsequent child protection review conferences.

Child Protection Procedures

All child protection concerns should be acted upon immediately. If you are concerned that a child might be at risk or is actually suffering abuse, you should tell the designated child protection officer within your church. You may also wish to speak to the Diocesan Safeguarding Adviser.

Your designated officers are

Parish Safeguarding Officer	Coleen Leaver	Tel 07584 078424
Parish Safeguarding Co-ordinator	Sheila Fielding	Tel 01254 296409

The Diocesan Safeguarding Advisor is

Sharon Hassall Tel no 07711 485170

In an emergency situation, contact Social Services or the police directly.

Children's Social Services:	01254 666400 (Mon-Fri 8:45am-5pm)
	01254 587547 (Out of hours emergency duty
	team)

Police: 999 (if an emergency) / 101 (non-emergency)

Please note these contact numbers may be subject to change by the Local Authorities at any time but are checked and updated regularly by your Parish Safeguarding Representative.

These numbers last checked 25/8/22

Allegations made against members of staff or volunteers

Organisations that work, or come into contact, with children and young people need to be aware of the possibility that allegations of abuse will be made against members of their staff or volunteers. Allegations can be made by children, young people or parents and they can also be made by other concerned adults. Allegations can be made for a variety of reasons. Some of the most common are:

- Abuse has actually taken place.
- Children can misinterpret your language or your actions because they are reminded of something else.

All allegations should be brought to the notice of Sheila Fielding immediately. In cases where the allegation is made against this person, the complainant should approach a more senior official or take the following action him or herself:

Make sure that the child in question is safe and away from the person alleged to have abused a child.

Contact social services in the team relevant to where the child lives.

Contact the parents or carers of the child if advised to do so by the social worker/officer in charge of allegations.

Irrespective of any investigation by Social Services or the police, you should follow the appropriate disciplinary procedure. Consideration must be given as to whether the member of staff or volunteer should be suspended from duty while the investigation is carried out.

Consider whether the person has access to children anywhere else and whether those organisations or groups need to be informed.

Act upon the decisions made in any strategy meeting.

All incidents should be investigated within the organisation after any external investigation has finished, reviewing practice and putting in place any additional measures based on lessons learned.

Support

It is important that you also develop support systems for the person who faces an allegation. If your place of worship/learning has a management committee, it could be that a member is nominated to fulfill this role. As well as providing support through listening and through prayer, this person could advise on appropriate outside help, such as counseling or legal services.

Safe Recruitment

The application of rigorous procedures for the recruitment of any staff or volunteers who come into contact with children and young people, both directly and indirectly, can reduce the likelihood of allegations of abuse being made that are founded. As an absolute minimum, the following standards should be followed:

All prospective workers (paid and unpaid) should complete an application form that asks for details of their previous employment and for the names of two referees.

All prospective workers (paid and unpaid) should have a new Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) disclosure before they start employment with you – anyone who refuses to adhere to this should not be employed.

All prospective workers (paid and unpaid) should be interviewed to establish previous experience of working in an environment where there is contact with children, and perceptions of acceptable behavior.

Nobody should start work before references have been received. Referees should be reminded that references should not misrepresent the candidate or omit to say things that might be relevant to their employment.

All appointments to work with children should be subject to an agreed probationary period.

New members of staff should be clear about their responsibilities and wherever possible, work to an agreed job description.

These guidelines should be available to everyone and fully discussed as part of an induction process.

Implementation Checklist

These child protection procedures will only be effective if all staff and volunteers in our church own and understand them. This checklist is designed to help you to go through that process:

Identify designated Child Protection Officer (CPO).

Add CPO's name and contact details to the policy.

Ensure the CPO attends training on child protection and safeguarding, and updates that training regularly.

Ensure all staff and volunteers have a copy of child protection procedures.

Ensure all existing staff and volunteers who have contact with children have DBS Disclosures before they start work.

Ensure that the premises conform to health and safety guidelines.

Ensure that the premises and activities are risk assessed and adequately insured.

Ensure that any letting arrangements are bound by contracts that include an agreement to adhere to our child protection procedures.

Ensure that the parish child protection policy is endorsed by the PCC and is reviewed annually.

For

Date

[Signed on behalf of the PCC]



Recognising the signs of abuse

Physical Abuse

Physical abuse can involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning, scalding, drowning, and suffocating. It is against the law to discipline a child by deliberately doing any of these things. Physical abuse can also result when a parent or carer deliberately causes the ill health of a child in order to seek attention; this is called fabricated illness or Munchausen's Syndrome by Proxy. Symptoms that indicate physical abuse include:

- Bruising in unusual places, such as the face or the back.
- $\circ\,$ Finger mark bruising or grasp marks on the limbs or chest of a small child.
- o Bites.
- $\circ\,$ Burn and scald marks, small round burns that could be caused by a cigarette.
- Fractures to arms, legs or ribs in a small child.
- Large numbers of scars of different sizes or ages.

Children who have been physically hurt can be fearful of others. They may also wear clothes that cover most of their body in order to cover their injuries and be resistant to explaining how the injury happened.

Emotional Abuse

Emotional abuse happens when a child's need for love, security, praise and recognition is not met. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of ill treatment of a child. Emotionally abusive behaviour occurs if a parent, carer or authority figure is consistently hostile, rejecting, threatening or undermining. It can also result when children are prevented from having social contact with others, or if developmentally inappropriate expectations are imposed upon them. Symptoms that indicate emotional abuse include:

- $\,\circ\,$ Excessively clingy or attention-seeking behaviour.
- $\,\circ\,$ Very low self-esteem or excessive self-criticism.
- o Excessively withdrawn behaviour or fearfulness.
- \circ Anxious behaviour, such as rocking, hair twisting or self-harm.
- \circ Lack of appropriate boundaries with strangers; too eager to please.
- Eating disorders.

Neglect

Neglect is the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, causing damage to their health and development. It may involve a parent or carer failing to provide adequate food, shelter or clothing, failing to protect a child from harm or danger, or failing to access appropriate medical care and treatment when necessary. It can exist in isolation or in combination with other forms of abuse. Symptoms of physical and emotional neglect can include:

- o Inadequate supervision; being left alone for long periods of time.
- Lack of stimulation, social contact or education.
- Inadequate nutrition, leading to ill health a child may look too thin, too fat and/or undernourished.
- $\,\circ\,$ Constant hunger; stealing or gorging food.
- $\,\circ\,$ Failure to seek or to follow medical advice such that a child's life or development is endangered.
- $\circ\,$ Repeated wearing of inappropriate clothing for the weather.

Sexual Abuse

Sexual abuse involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. This may include physical contact, both penetrative and non-penetrative, or involve no contact, such as watching sexual activities, harassment or looking at pornographic material. Encouraging children to act in sexually inappropriate ways is also abusive. Under the Sexual offences Act 2003, any sexual activity – contact or non-contact – with a child under the age of 13, is a crime. Symptoms of sexual abuse include:

- Allegations or disclosure.
- Genital soreness, injuries or discomfort.
- Sexually transmitted diseases; urinary infections.
- Excessive preoccupation with sex; inappropriately sexualised play, words or drawing.
- $\circ\,$ A child who is sexually provocative or seductive with adults.

Other children and young people may additionally exhibit:

- \circ Depression.
- Drug and/or alcohol abuse.
- Eating disorders; obsessive behaviours.
- o Self-mutilation; suicide attempts.
- School/peer/relationship problems.

NOTE

The lists above are intended to be helpful, but can never be anything other than indicative and certainly are not exhaustive. In some cases there may be clusters of symptoms. It is always important to bear in mind that some children and young people who are being abused do not show any signs or symptoms at all. If you are in doubt or not sure what to do, consult your diocesan safeguarding adviser or the local children's social care team.



Blackburn Diocese Referral Form

Private and Confidential

What to do if you are worried that a child, young person or vulnerable adult is being abused

Referral details

Date and Time of Referral

Who was this referral made to?	
Name and Contact details of	
referrer	

Personal details

Name of Person Address	
Contact number *Person with Parental responsibility	
*School attended	

<u>Concern</u>

What is the nature of the concern? Who raised the concern? How long has this person had this concern? Has this concern been expressed to anyone else? If yes, to whom and what was the response?

Are there any other agencies involved with this family? If so, obtain details (if known).

ACTION TAKEN

- ✓ Discussed with Sharon Hassall (Diocesan Safeguarding Adviser)
- ✓ Name of person taking the referral
- ✓ Agreed action with other agency (note details)
- ✓ Copied to Sharon Hassall (Date)

If you are not sure about how to fill this form in, or how concerned you ought to be about an individual or set of circumstances, please contact Sharon Hassall on 01254 503070 / 07711 485170 Email <u>sharon.hassall@blackburn.anglican.org</u>



Who needs to complete a Disclosure and Barring Service check?

These roles will usually require a DBS check.

- ✓ Bishop, Dean, Archdeacon Stipendiary parish clergy SSM +NSM
- ✓ Local Ordained Clergy
- ✓ House for Duty clergy
- ✓ 'Permission to officiate' clergy
- ✓ Those seeking ordination training or ordination
- ✓ Safeguarding/Child Protection Officers in a diocesan or parish context
- ✓ Designated Safeguarding/ Child Protection Officers on the PCC (i.e. those with a supervisory/management role in relation to all safeguarding matters for and on behalf of the PCC.)
- ✓ Readers
- ✓ Chaplains
- ✓ Licensed evangelists
- ✓ Pastoral assistants
- Commissioned lay workers, including lay ministers, youth, children and family workers.
- Musical director, organist, choir leader, where the choir or musical group is wholly or mainly for children and young people.
- ✓ Youth clubs leaders and helpers (for U18's)
- ✓ Sunday School teachers and helpers (for U18's)
- ✓ Leaders/assistant leaders church parents and toddlers group (but not the parents who supervise only their own children).
- ✓ PCC approved home visitors for schemes that are wholly or mainly for families with children or vulnerable adults.
- ✓ PCC approved luncheon club/specialist club leaders/assistants/drivers for schemes that are wholly or mainly for vulnerable adults.
- ✓ Choir directors, music directors and organists etc. where they teach, train or supervise children under 16years of age.*

✓ PCC approved drivers for PCC sponsored arrangements for children and young people, or arrangements wholly or mainly for adults who are vulnerable.

* Where a group has only children aged 16-18, then checks are not mandatory but would still be advisable.

These roles may require a DBS check. Careful evaluation of these roles will be needed.

- ✓ Churchwardens will only be required to have a DBS check if they are identified as having a specific safeguarding responsibility (i.e. responsibility for recruitment of children workers) or if they have another role which includes working with children.
- ✓ Church/church hall cleaner

These roles <u>do not</u> usually qualify for a DBS check. (Unless there are specified aspects of their role that mean that the person will be responsible for children or vulnerable adults.)

- Musical director, organist, choir leader (where the choir or musical group is mainly for adults).
- * Choir members (adults and those over 16 years of age).
- **×** Sidesmen and sideswomen.
- **×** Those serving refreshments.
- ***** People in the church welcome team for services.
- **×** Flower arrangers



Annual registration for children and young people

Group Hame.
Child's Name:
Child's Home Address:
Date of Birth:
Medical conditions we

Group Name

- Medical conditions we need to be aware of (Allergies/Asthma etc.):
 - \checkmark I agree to my child being involved in the activities of this group.
 - ✓ I accept that the information provided on this form will be used for the purposes of maintaining a register of attendees, emergency contact during sessions and advising parents/guardians of any changes to planned events.
 - ✓ I accept that photographs may be taken at this event to be used in the Parish Magazine, on the Church website, and/or displayed in Church/Parish Rooms. I will provide written confirmation if in the future I no longer want pictures of my child to be taken.
 - I understand that I will be asked to complete a separate Parental Consent Form if any off site activities are planned.
 - ✓ I acknowledge the need for good conduct and responsible behaviour.

Signed (Parent/Guardian):	Date:
Parent/Guardian Name:	
Email address:	
Telephone number:	
Alternative emergency contact	
Name:	
Telephone number:	



Video recording equipment and taking photographs

Since the introduction of the Data Protection Act in 1998, churches must be very careful if they use photographs, videos and web cams of clearly identifiable people. Whilst it is vital that we stay within the following guidelines, it is equally important that we do not ignore the children in our churches and leave them out of all images.

Written permission must be obtained of all of the people (children and adults) who will appear in a photograph, video or web cam image before the photograph is taken or footage recorded.

It must be made clear why that person's image is being used, what it will be used for, and who might want to look at the pictures.

If images are being taken at an event attended by a large crowd, such as a sports event, this is regarded as a public arena and permission from a crowd is not necessary.

If photographs or recordings of children's/youth groups are made and individual children cannot be easily identified, children's/youth leaders must find out whether any parents do not want their children to be in the photograph.

Children and young people under the age of 18 should not be identified by surname or by other personal details. These details include e-mail or postal addresses, telephone or fax numbers.

When using photographs of children and young people, it is preferable to use group pictures.

Obtain written and specific consent from parents or carers before using any photographs on a website.

An agreement should be made as to whether the images will be destroyed or retained for further use, where these will be stored, and who will have access to them.

Adults need to remain sensitive to any children or young people who appear uncomfortable, for whatever reason, and should recognise the potential for such activities to raise concerns or lead to misunderstandings.

It is not appropriate for adults to take photographs of children for their personal use.



Confidential Declaration Form

For beneficed clergy, those who hold the bishop's license or permission to officiate, employees, ordinands and volunteers who are likely to be in regular and direct contact with children and young people under eighteen years of age.

This form is strictly confidential and, except under compulsion of law, will be seen only by those responsible for the appointment and, when appropriate, the diocesan/bishop's child protection adviser. All forms will be kept securely under the terms of the Data Protection Act 1998.

If you answer YES to any question, please give further details in the "Additional Information" section below (continuing on a separate sheet if necessary), indicating the number(s) of the question(s) you are answering.

1a Have you ever been convicted of a criminal offence (including any spent convictions
under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974)?
Please tick YES NO
Details of these will be contained in your Enhanced DBS Disclosure
1b Have you ever been cautioned by the police, given a reprimand or warning or bound over
to keep the peace?
Please tick YES NO
1c Are you at present under investigation?
Please tick YES NO
1d Have you ever been found by a court exercising civil jurisdiction (including matrimonial
or family jurisdiction) to have caused significant harm to a child or young person under the
age of eighteen years, or has any such court made an order against you on the basis of any
finding or allegation that any child or young person was at risk of significant harm from you?
Please tick YES NO
2a Has your conduct ever caused or been likely to cause significant harm to a child or
young person under the age of eighteen, or put a child or young person at risk of significant
harm?
Please tick YES NO
2b To your knowledge, has it ever been alleged that your conduct has resulted in any of
those things? Please tick YES NO
If yes, please give details, including the date(s) and nature of the conduct, or alleged conduct,
and whether you were dismissed, disciplined, moved to other work or resigned from any paid or
voluntary work as a result.
3 Has a child in your care or for whom you have or had parental responsibility ever
been removed from your care, been placed on the Child Protection Register or been the
subject of a care order, a supervision order, a child assessment order or an emergency
protection order under the Children Act 1989, or a similar order under other legislation?
Please tick YES NO
4 Have you any health problem(s), which might affect your work with children or young
people under the age of eighteen?
Please tick YES NO

5 Have you, since the age of eighteen, ever been known by any name other than that
given below?
Please tick YES NO
6 Have you, during the past five years, had any home address other than that given
below?
Please tick YES NO
Additional Information (continue on a separate sheet if necessary)
Declaration
I declare that the above information (and that on the attached additional sheets*) is
accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge.
Circuada
Signed: Date:
Date of Birth:
Full Name: <i>(print)</i>
Address:
Telephone number:
Email:
* Please delete if not applicable
Please return the completed form to the clergy or Under 18's Co-ordinator.

Before an appointment can be confirmed applicants must provide an enhanced disclosure from the Disclosure and Barring Service.



Risk Assessment Checklist

1.	Entrances Evits and Windows
1.	Entrances, Exits and Windows
2.	Stairs
۷.	
3.	Heating
4.	Kitchen Facilities
5.	Food Hygiene
6.	Furniture
7.	Electrics
7.	
8.	Cleaning materials and other noxious substances
0.	
9.	Stationery/Craft materials/Tools
10.	Toilets
11.	Fire
10	
12.	Storage areas
13.	Carbon Monoxide
13.	
14.	Registration & medical needs
15.	Accidents
16.	Plants
17	Character
17.	Strangers
10	Tera
18.	Тоуѕ

Signed: Date:



Role Description

Under Guidelines adopted by the Church of England every person who works on behalf of the Church as a paid worker or volunteer and has unsupervised access to minors under the age of 18 should have a clear description of their role and responsibilities.

Name:	
Role:	
Group:	
N · · · · N	

Principal Duties:

0	Provide a programme of activities each term, which must be approved by the PCC. (Any activity arranged after the programme has been submitted to the PCC and has not had PCC approval may not be covered under our insurance policy.) Fire drills must be included in this programme at least annually.		
0	work with children and young people is implemented without delay and all me	s to ensure that the approved Parish Policy of s followed. Any changes to the Policy are to b mbers of the team must have appropriate to their role in safeguarding children and yo	be
0	To assist the group leader to promote a children & their families.	& maintain a safe Christian environment for	
0	To keep a record of attendees & ensure Forms annually.	e that all families have completed Registration	on
0	To ensure any Health and Safety conce Safeguarding Officer and/or Church Wa	-	
0	To follow the approved Parish Policy	on work with children and young people.	
Perso	n to whom responsible:	Clergy	
Committee to whom responsible:		Parochial Church Council]

Signed on behalf of the Parish:

To be completed by the Worker/Volunteer:

I understand the nature of the work I am to do with children.

I have read the policy & procedures produced by the parish for safeguarding children & young people.

I understand that details about my appointment will be retained for future reference. I understand that I have a duty to protect the children & young people with whom I come into contact, and to support other leaders as they fulfil this obligation. I know what action to take if abuse is discovered or disclosed.

Signed: Date:



Safety on the Internet

(A guide for young people)

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Never tell anyone you meet on the internet your home address, your telephone number or any other identifying information e.g. church name or youth group, unless your parent or carer gives you permission.

Never send anyone your picture, credit card or bank details, or anything else, without first checking with your parent or carer.

Never divulge your computer passwords to ANYONE (even your best friend).

Never arrange to meet anyone in person without first agreeing it with you parent/carer or children's/youth leader, and get them to come along to the first meeting, which should always be in a public place

CHAT ROOMS

Never stay in a chat room or conference if someone says or writes something which makes you feel uncomfortable or worried, and always report your concerns to your parent/carer or children's/youth leader.

Check that any chat room you enter is regulated and run by a reputable company or organisation that monitors activity.

Remember that Chat rooms are 'public places' and that you may not know the true identity of anyone you meet in there.

E-MAILS

Never respond to nasty, suggestive or rude e-mails or postings in Usernet Groups.

Always be yourself and do not pretend to be anyone or anything you are not.

Always remember if someone makes you an offer that seems too good to be true, it probably is!

Always on receiving e-mails, delete attachments from strangers without opening them. They may contain viruses that can damage your computer. Make sure you know where files are from before you download them. They may also have viruses.

Never send chain letters via the internet. Chain letters are forbidden on the internet. Inform your parents/carer who can notify your internet service provider if you receive one.



Website Child Protection Statement

Church of The Saviour regards child protection and good working practice as a priority. In the interests of the safety and well being of all children and young people, it has developed and operates a formal child protection policy.

The church is committed to ensuring that everyone working with children or young people:

✓ Has undergone a Disclosure and Barring Service check at enhanced level.

- ✓ Is adequately trained and supervised.
- ✓ Understands and follows the church's child protection policy.

The child protection policy may be viewed on our website and/or a copy obtained from the Parish Office.

As part of this church's commitment to children and young people, it has appointed Garry Leaver as Under 18's Co-ordinator. All the children and young people involved in activities within the church know who he is and how he can be contacted.

Should the church have any child protection concerns it will seek the advice of the Diocese Child Protection Advisors and where appropriate contact the statutory authorities.

Church of The Saviour

church of	
\checkmark	Recognises that child protection is everyone's responsibility.
\checkmark	Is committed to supporting parents and families.
✓	Recognises the unique and individual worth of each child.
1	Is committed to nurturing, protecting and safeguarding children and young people.
✓	Exercises care in the appointment of all those working with children and young
	people in the church, working to 'Safe from Harm' principles.
✓	Is committed to following statutory, Diocesan and specialist guidelines in working with children and young people.
✓	Seeks to support all those affected by abuse.
√	Is committed to supporting, training and resourcing those who work with
	children and young people and providing regular supervision.
✓	Is committed to the management and supervision of known offenders in the church.
✓	Will review its child protection policy at least annually.
16	any concerns for a child or in relation to any child protection matter than places speak to t

If you have any concerns for a child or in relation to any child protection matter then please speak to the clergy or the Under 18's Co-ordinator.



Parental/carer consent for specific off site visit

1. Details of visit

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		·····			
		(date/time) To		,	aking part in the above
		formation sheet, agreed to his			
	-	onduct and responsible behavi		-	
Emergency det					
		medical, surgical or dental tre			
		cal authorities present. I may Work			
Please state an al					
.,		elephone no)			
•					
Medical inform					
Does your child su	ffer from any of	the following conditions? (Ple	ase circle)		
Asthma	yes/no	Fainting	yes/no	Bronchitis	yes/no
Heart Trouble	yes/no	Chest Problems	-	Migraine	yes/no
Diabetes Tuberculosis yes/r	yes/no	Raised Blood Pressure	yes/no	Epilepsy	yes/no
If YES to any of the	e above, please p	provide details:			
Does your child su	ffer from any ot	her condition requiring medica	al treatment?	yes/no	
<i>,</i> 1 1					
		any medication (e.g. Penicillir			
If yes, please prov	ide details				
Has your child bee	n immunised ag	ainst Tetanus (lock jaw)? ye	s/no If YES, ple	ease give date of immuni	sation if known:
		edication on a regular basis?		· · ·	
		nedication being administered			
		nd dosage to the person in cho		yes/no (neuse ensu	e that you supply
adequate supplies			etary needs fo		

4. Insurance cover

I understand that the visit is insured in respect of legal liabilities (third party liability) but that my child has no personal accident cover unless I have been specifically advised of this in writing by the organiser of the visit. I also understand that any extension of insurance cover is my responsibility.

5. Declaration

I have read the attached information provided about the proposed off site visit. I consent to my child taking part in the visit and, having read the information sheet, I declare my child to be in good health and physically able to participate in all the activities mentioned. I am happy for photographs of my child to be used within Parish and/or Diocesan publicity or publications. I have noted where and when the children are to be returned and understand that I am responsible for my child getting home safely from that place. I am aware of the levels of insurance cover. I shall ensure that any change in circumstances will be notified prior to the visit.

Signature of Parent / Carer
(Parental/Carer consent required for children aged 17 and under)
Name (in block capitals)
Address

By signing this form you are confirming that you are consenting to the PCC of Church of The Saviour holding and processing your personal data for the purpose of this proposed activity and sharing the data as appropriate with any church leader/staff/volunteer as we deem necessary for the safe operation of this activity.



Accident Record Sheet

Date/ Time	
Name of Injured Child	
Brief Description of Injury	
Site of Accident	
Cause if known	
Treated By	
Treatment Given	
Name of person making this entry	
Signature of person making this entry	
Signature of Parent/Carer where appropriate	